Reimagining the Future of Global Health Initiatives Study: Preliminary findings

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Reimagining the Future of Global Health: What are the incentives for change? - WHA Side Event Campus Biotech, Geneva
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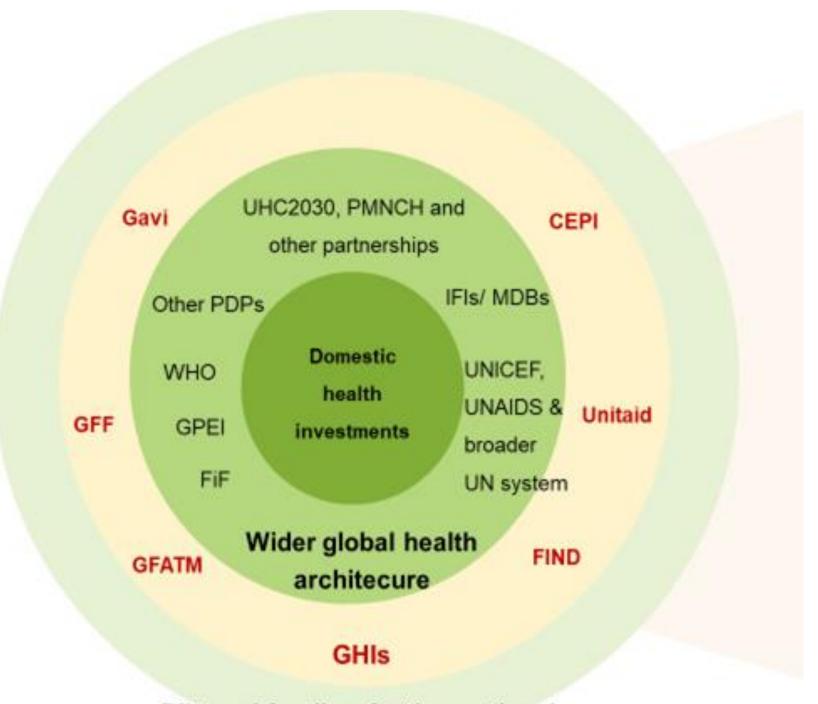




Study Objectives

- 1. To analyse the current state of the GHI architecture from the implementation countries perspective, with a focus on achieving UHC
- 1. To produce a vision of what the GHI ecosystem should look like in 15–20-years, and concrete recommendations on the changes needed to make this vision a reality

GHIs within the global health architecture



Bilateral funding & other national, regional & global institutions





informant

interviews



consultations

Country case studies
Incl. burden of disease analysis
and health financing trends analysis
-Pakistan
-Senegal
-South Africa

Cross-cutting political economy analysis and synthesis of findings

Draft Vision and Recommendations

Multi-stakeholder consultation co-chaired by the Africa CDC

Final Vision and Recommendations

February - July 2023 (6 months)

Achievements of the GHIs to date

Contribution to improved health outcomes

- e.g. Reducing the global BoD for HIV, malaria, TB, and vaccinepreventable diseases of childhood and adolescence
- Role during the pandemic

Innovative financing and market shaping

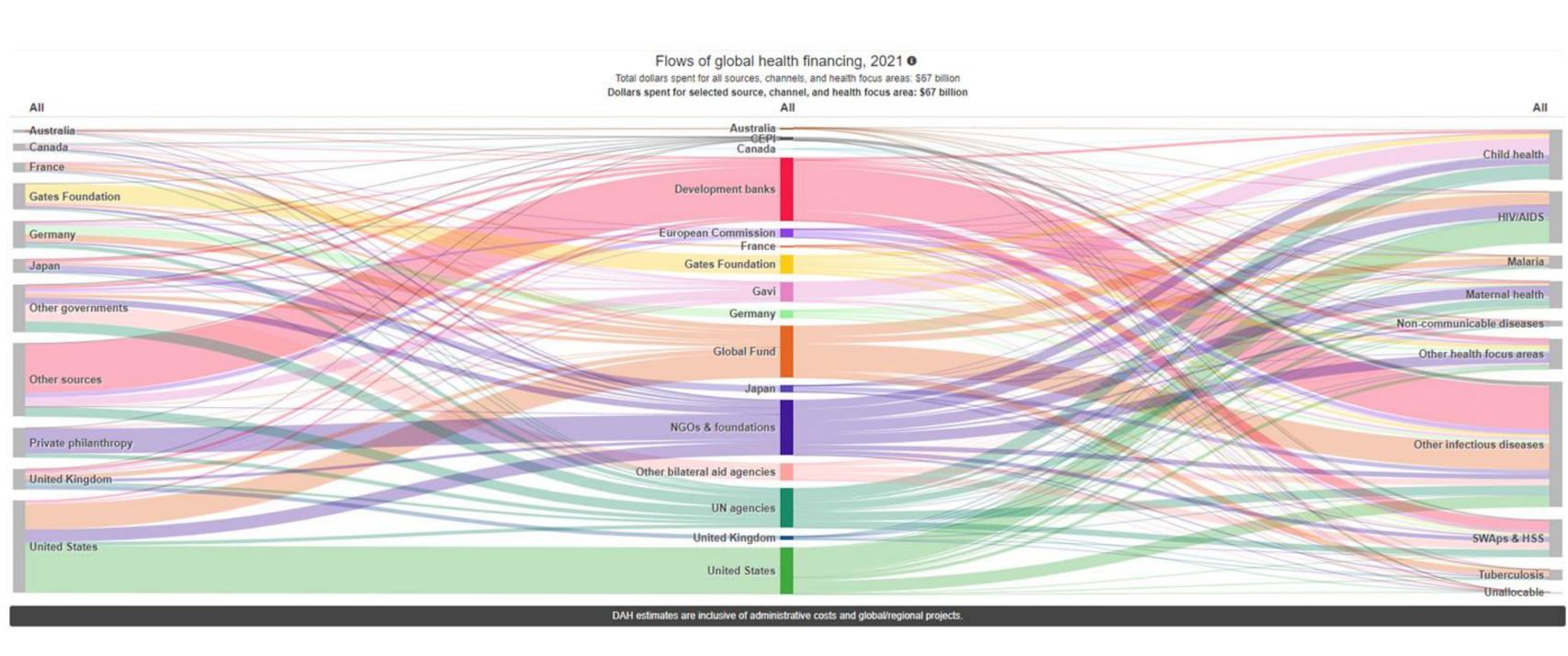
 e.g. Use of new financing mechanism (e.g. airline levy for UNITAID; GFATM's Debt2Health program); reducing the price of global public goods

Achievements of the GHIs to-date

- Contributing to better donor coordination in some areas
 - e.g. GFF alignment group and SDG3 GAP Sustainable Financing Accelerator for Health

- Creating a public health perspective
- Co-funding requested -> increasing domestic funding (e.g. Pakistan)

Complex funding channels (2021)



Source: Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation (https://vizhub.healthdata.org/fgh/)

Challenges for recipient countries

Negotiation space

- Power shift: little space for government assertion of what, where, how
- Governments constrained by insufficient capacity for financial and technical accountability

Coordination

- Insufficient coordination between GHIs and with other partners
- . No consolidated platform between partners
- . Make better use of WHO and WB country offices

Fragmentation

- . Multiplicity of actors and mechanisms
- . Disease specific
- Funding competition between donors, each working in parallel with the government

Challenges for recipient countries

Governance

- Limited autonomy in intervention choices but requiring local expertise development
- · Accountability towards recipient countries?
- Recognise regional institutions (AU, AfCDC,...)

Financing

- . Pooling of resources:
 - · i.e. "one country basket for all GHIs"
 - · i.e. Global pooled fund
- Obligation to allocate a percentage of GHIs resources to health systems strengthening and pooled fund
- . Commitment to domestic funding

UHC and autonomy?...

- Between 2015 and 2020:
 - · 10 countries with decreased domestic Gvt Funding
 - · 25 countries with increased OOPs
 - · In 2020, 7 countries where GFATM+GAVI>Domestic Gvt Funding

Questions for the future

- . Negotiation space and/or power shift?
- Accountability mechanisms?
- . Consolidated platforms for planning and delivery?
- Disease vs health systems vs multisectoral?
- Country categorisation? (e.g. humanitarian and fragile states)
- · Place of pooled funds?
- . Grants vs loans?
- . GHIs as catalytic funding?
- Place of domestic funding and OOPs?
- · Place of evidence and research?
- Revisit GHIs performance indicators?
- Incentives for change?





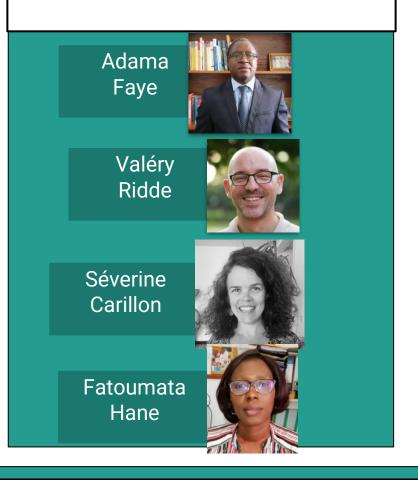




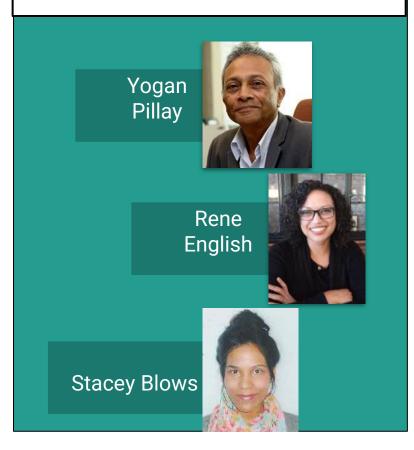
Political Economy Analysis and Health Financing Trends Lead, Global-level analysis



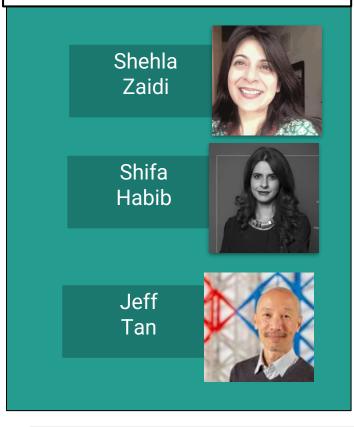
Senegal Country case study & West Africa regional consultations



South Africa Country case study & Southern and East Africa regional consultations



Pakistan Country case study & SEARO / EMRO regional consultations





Head supplier, Coordination, Scoping review, Consultations, global-level analysis



Rosie James



Emilie Venables



Moeen Hosseinalipour



Advisory role

